

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS, IRELAND,

1895.

REPORT AND TABLES

RELATED TO

MIGRATORY AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS;

SHOWING THEIR DISTRIBUTION IN IRELAND WHEN AT HOME; THEIR RELATIVE PROPORTION TO THE POPULATION; THEIR SOCIAL POSITION WHEN AT HOME AS MEASURED BY THE EXTENT OF THEIR HOLDINGS, IF ANY; THEIR DESTINATION; AND THE NUMBER WHO LEFT THE SEVERAL PORTS, FROM 1st JANUARY TO 31st AUGUST, 1895.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



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1895.

IRISH MIGRATORY AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS, 1895.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY

GEORGE HENRY, EARL CADOGAN, K.G.,

&c., &c., &c.,

LORD LIEUTENANT GENERAL AND GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I have the honour to submit the following Report and Tables concerning Irish Agricultural Labourers who habitually seek employment at a distance from their own homes, especially in England and Scotland. These Tables, which set forth the information on the subject obtained at the homes of the migratory labourers by the enumerators of agricultural statistics, are in continuation of those presented annually since the year 1880, and are comparable with the statistics of Migratory Labourers published in the Report on the Census of Ireland for 1841.

It appears from the Tables that there were in June of this year 14,119 persons, or 3·0 per 1,000 of the population according to the Census of 1891, who had either left or intended to leave their homes to seek employment as agricultural labourers elsewhere : of these, 3,183 had not left their homes at the time of the enumeration. The corresponding number for 1894 was 15,615, showing a decrease of 1,496 in the present year.

As in previous Reports, the chief points of interest with regard to migratory agricultural labourers may be dealt with under the following heads :—

- I. Their distribution in Ireland when at home.
- II. Their relative proportion to the population :—
 - (a.) To the total population ;
 - (b.) To the adult male population.
- III. Their social position when at home as measured by the extent of their holdings, if any.
- IV. Their destination.

I.—*The distribution of agricultural labourers in Ireland when at home.*—This is shown in the following statement :—

TABLE I.—Showing for each County and Province the number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers whose usual residence is situated therein; with the proportion of such Labourers to every 1,000 of the population, for the years 1882, 1883, 1884, and 1885, respectively.

PROVINCE AND COUNTY.	Population in 1881.	Migratory Agricultural Labourers.				Rate per 1,000 according to the Census of 1881.			
		Number in 1882.	Number in 1883.	Number in 1884.	Number in 1885.	in 1882.	in 1883.	in 1884.	in 1885.
LEINSTER PROVINCE :									
Carlow County, ..	40,936	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dublin ..	419,216	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kildare ..	70,906	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kilkenny ..	87,261	23	4	—	—	0.3	—	—	—
King's ..	65,963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Longford ..	52,647	26	18	37	15	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.3
Louth ..	71,058	53	26	42	13	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.2
Meath ..	75,987	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Queen's ..	66,883	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westmeath ..	65,109	—	3	5	—	—	—	0.1	—
Wexford ..	111,778	25	6	1	2	0.2	0.1	—	—
Wicklow ..	62,136	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
MUNSTER PROVINCE :									
Clare County, ..	126,483	4	11	—	—	—	0.1	—	—
Cork ..	438,432	65	68	41	79	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2
Kerry ..	178,136	57	63	23	43	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Limerick ..	153,912	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	0.1
Tipperary ..	171,188	24	21	—	6	0.1	0.1	—	—
Waterford ..	98,351	—	1	13	10	—	—	0.1	0.1
ULSTER PROVINCE :									
Antrim County, ..	423,138	16	32	8	18	—	0.1	—	—
Armagh ..	143,289	267	220	184	188	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.3
Cavan ..	111,917	24	18	23	16	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Down ..	189,638	1,383	1,514	1,543	1,569	7.4	8.2	8.3	8.5
Dumfries ..	287,069	14	24	28	20	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Fermanagh ..	74,170	8	14	8	4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Londonderry ..	159,009	27	21	23	21	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Monaghan ..	86,206	22	28	38	47	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5
Tyrone ..	171,401	25	33	35	25	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
CONNAUGHT PROVINCE :									
Galway County, ..	214,713	1,541	1,477	1,586	1,384	7.3	6.4	7.7	6.4
Leitrim ..	73,618	378	315	334	294	4.8	4.0	4.2	3.7
Mayo ..	213,034	8,554	8,856	9,688	8,374	39.1	40.4	43.4	38.2
Roscommon ..	116,397	1,388	1,230	1,254	1,250	12.2	10.6	10.7	11.0
Sligo ..	98,018	790	711	752	750	8.1	7.3	7.7	7.7
SUMMARY.									
Leinster Province, ..	3,187,760	348	57	105	30	0.1	—	0.1	—
Munster ..	1,372,402	180	194	144	140	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Ulster ..	1,619,814	1,798	1,921	1,809	1,883	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2
Connaught ..	724,774	12,661	12,689	15,474	12,061	17.5	17.4	18.6	16.6
• Total of Ireland, ..	6,704,750	14,783	14,761	15,516	14,119	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.0

The number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers returned in 1880 was 22,900; in 1881—21,322; in 1882—16,836; in 1883—14,780; in 1884—14,413; in 1885—13,140; in 1886—12,375; in 1887—12,423; in 1888—11,723; in 1889—12,028; in 1890—14,061; in 1891—13,129; in 1892—14,783; in 1893—14,761; in 1894—15,615, and in 1895—14,119.

More than five-sixths of the entire number for 1895, namely, 12,061, are natives of the Province of Connaught. Of these, 8,374 come from the county of Mayo alone, which county furnishes over one-half of all the Irish migratory labourers.

They were distributed among the various Poor Law Unions in Mayo; the principal being Swinford, 3,774; Claremorris, 1,207; Westport, 1,208; and Castlebar, 934 (see Table II. and Table in Appendix). In 1841 also, Mayo was the principal source of these migratory labourers. The numbers furnished by the other counties of Connaught in 1895, are:—Galway, 1,384; Roscommon, 1,259 (including 1,087 from the portion of Castlebar Union in this county); Sligo, 750; Leitrim, 284.

The next province in importance, as to the supply of migratory labourers, is Ulster. The total number furnished by Ulster is 1,888: of these, 1,569 (or 83·1 per cent.) are natives of the county of Donegal. The numbers furnished by the various Poor Law Unions in this county include—Glenties, 547; Dunfanaghy, 515; Millford, 273; Inishowen, 159, the other unions furnishing but small numbers. It will be observed that the numbers for the four unions named make a total of 1,494, showing that nearly all the migratory labourers of Donegal and more than 79 per cent. of all from Ulster are natives of the very limited area along the Donegal coast comprised in these four unions. Of the Ulster counties the next in order to Donegal is Armagh, which furnishes 168, of whom 108 are natives of Newry Union, and 25 of Castleblayney Union. The county of Monaghan furnishes 47; Tyrone, 25; Londonderry, 21; Down, 20; Antrim, 18; Cavan, 18, and Fermanagh, 4.

The province of Munster furnishes 140. They are distributed as follows:—Cork County, 72; Kerry, 43; Waterford, 10; Limerick, 9, and Tipperary, 6. There are no migratory labourers this year from Clare.

The province of Leinster furnishes only 30 migratory labourers. These are principally natives of the counties of Longford and Louth, which respectively furnish 15 and 13, or 93 per cent. of the whole number from this province. The only labourers from other counties in Leinster are 2 from Wexford. These are this year 20 migratory labourers from Carlow, Dublin, Kildare, Kilkenny, King's Co., Meath, Queen's Co., Westmeath, or Wicklow.

Comparing the foregoing analysis with the corresponding returns for the year 1894, it will be observed that the total number of migratory labourers has decreased by 1,496. In the province of Leinster the numbers show a decrease of 75, or 71·4 per cent.; and in Munster a decrease of 6, or 4·1 per cent. In these two provinces the numbers were so small in 1894 and 1895 that they could not have any appreciable effect on the social condition of the labouring classes or on the labour market. In Ulster the number in 1894 was 1,890, and in 1895 it is 1,888, being a decrease of 2, or 0·1 per cent. An increase of 26 occurred in Donegal, which county is the chief residence of the migratory labourers of Ulster. The number for Connaught rose from 9,877 in 1886 to 10,148 in 1887; it fell to 9,941 in 1888, rose to 10,371 in 1889, and to 12,034 in 1890, fell to 11,069 in 1891, rose to 12,661 in 1892, fell to 12,569 in 1893, rose to 13,474 in 1894, and fell to 12,061 in 1895; the last number showing a decrease of 1,413, or 10·5 per cent., when compared with that for 1894. These figures show that a large number of the inhabitants of Connaught still pursue the avocation of migratory labourers. Mayo as usual heads the county list but shows a decrease of 1,134 as compared with the number for the county in 1894.

II.—*The proportion which the migratory labourers bear to the population resident in the districts from which they come is a matter of more importance than the absolute number from any particular area.* In Table I. the proportion of migratory labourers per 1,000 of the population is given. It will be observed that the proportion for the whole of Ireland is but 3·0 per 1,000, but when considered by provinces it is found that the proportion in Connaught is 16·6 per 1,000; in Ulster it is 1·3; in Munster, 0·1; and in Leinster, 0·03.

A more exact analysis of the numbers furnished by Connaught shows that in Mayo the proportion of migratory labourers to the population reached the large number of 38·3 per 1,000; in Roscommon it was 11·0; in Sligo, 7·7; in Galway, 6·4; and in Leitrim, 3·7.

In Ulster, the proportion reached 8·5 in Donegal, and 1·2 in Armagh; but in all other counties it was much under 1·0 per 1,000.

In Leitrim the highest rate per 1,000 is 0.3 in Longford.

In all the counties of Munster the numbers were so small that they were not likely to have any important general effect.

The following are, therefore, the counties in which the influence of the migration of labourers is most likely to be felt:—

Mayo,	38-2 per 1,000.	Sligo,	7-7 per 1,000.
Rooscommon,	11-0 per 1,000.	Galway,	8-4 per 1,000.
Donagh,	8-5 per 1,000.		

In Leitrim the number (3.7 per 1,000) appears to be sufficiently large to produce an appreciable effect.

TABLE II.—Showing by FOUR LAW UNIONS the Number of MIGRATORY AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS (in 1894) whose usual RESIDENCE is situated therein; with the PROPORTION of such LABOURERS to every 1,000 of the POPULATION, according to the Census of 1891.

[illegible]

TABLE III.—Showing for each County and Province the Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers in 1896 whose usual Residence is situated therein; the Total Number of Males Twenty years of age and upwards, according to the Census of 1891, and the proportion per cent. of Migratory Labourers to the latter number.

PROVINCE AND COUNTY.	Number of Males 20 years of age and upwards.	Migratory Agricultural Labourers.		PROVINCE AND COUNTY.	Number of Males 20 years of age and upwards.	Migratory Agricultural Labourers.	
		Number.	Rate per cent.			Number.	Rate per cent.
LEINSTER PROVINCE:				ULSTER PROVINCE:			
Carlow County, . . .	11,837	—	—	Antrim County, . . .	167,301	18	—
Dublin . . .	112,078	—	—	Armagh . . .	37,618	168	0.4
Kildare . . .	23,043	—	—	Cavan . . .	31,067	16	0.1
Kilkenny . . .	26,056	—	—	Down . . .	49,793	1,569	3.2
King's . . .	19,359	—	—	Donegal . . .	68,121	20	—
Lancford . . .	14,864	15	0.1	Fermanagh . . .	21,544	4	—
Leath . . .	19,339	13	0.1	Londonderry . . .	40,637	21	0.1
Meath . . .	25,050	—	—	Monaghan . . .	34,092	47	0.2
Queen's . . .	19,342	—	—	Tyrone . . .	48,782	26	0.1
Westmeath . . .	19,328	—	—	CONNAUGHT PROVINCE:			
Wexford . . .	22,056	2	—	Galway County, . . .	55,885	1,384	2.5
Wicklow . . .	17,839	—	—	Leitrim . . .	30,571	294	1.4
MUNSTER PROVINCE:				Mayo . . .	32,047	8,874	16.1
Clare County, . . .	31,444	—	—	Rooscommon . . .	30,283	1,259	4.2
Cork . . .	117,357	78	0.1	Sligo . . .	25,133	750	3.0
Kerry . . .	45,027	43	0.1	SUMMARY.			
Limerick . . .	43,387	9	—	Leinster Province, . . .	337,607	30	—
Tipperary . . .	43,696	6	—	Munster . . .	313,053	149	—
Watersford . . .	26,473	10	—	Ulster . . .	429,644	1,886	0.4
				Connaught . . .	165,889	12,061	6.4
TOTAL OF IRELAND, . . .					1,204,973	14,119	1.1

III.—The social position of the Irish Migratory Labourer at home is best estimated by the fact of his being or not being a landholder; and, if a landholder, by the extent of his holding. Table IV. contains the required information, from which it appears that of the 14,119 Irish migratory labourers 10,223 or 72.4 per cent. are not landholders. The per-centage of migratory labourers who are not landholders, is shown by provinces in the following statement:—

Connaught,	70.9
Leinster,	73.3
Ulster,	80.7
Munster,	67.9

The landholding migratory labourers are proportionally more numerous in Connaught than elsewhere, and the average amount of land held by those who are landholders is greater in that Province. The number of landholders; the number having over five acres; the number with holdings not exceeding five acres; and the per-centage of holdings not exceeding five acres are as follow:—

	Number of Migratory Labourers who are Landholders.	Holdings over five acres.	Not exceeding five acres.	Per-centage not exceeding five acres.
Connaught,	2,507	3,115	302	11.2
Ulster,	304	280	84	29.1
Munster,	17	12	6	33.3
Leinster,	8	3	5	62.5

A further reference to Table IV. will show that it is only in Connaught that any considerable number of migratory labourers hold farms exceeding an area of fifteen acres. In considering this point the low value of the land in many parts of Connaught must be borne in mind.

It will be found on analysis by counties and unions that the condition of the migratory labourers in relation to the land bears pretty much the same ratio as when considered by provinces; the proportions no doubt vary within small limits, as will be seen by inspection of the Table in the Appendix. It will be observed that of the 3,374 natives of Mayo, 2,796, or 83.4 per cent., are landholders, and of these 2,796 only 301, or 10.8 per cent., occupy holdings not exceeding five acres.

The returns for the ports show a decrease from 9,010 in 1894 to 8,294 this year; in the Midland Great Western Railway returns a slight increase is observed, for in 1894 the number of harvestmen carried by the Company was 23,613, whereas in 1895 the number was 23,688, or 75 more than in the previous year. The number of harvestmen who travelled over this line in 1893 was 23,535; in 1892 it was 27,071; in 1891 it was 25,659; in 1890 it was 24,535; in 1889 it was 22,435; in 1888 it was 22,800; in 1887 it was 21,355; in 1886 it was 21,698; in 1885 it was 22,610; in 1884 it was 22,500; in 1883 it was 22,111; in 1882 it was 21,422, and in 1881 it was 26,367.

It will be observed that there is a large discrepancy between the total number (31,982) given in the Railway and Port Statistics, and that (14,119) shown in the Tables compiled from the Returns made by the Enumerators of Agricultural Statistics. In considering this discrepancy, which is somewhat similar to that noticed in previous years, it should be borne in mind that a large number of the agricultural labourers who migrate annually to England pay two visits, and that this is an element which it is impossible accurately to eliminate from the emigration and railway returns. On inquiry at the Midland Great Western Railway I have been informed that, "about 2,000 go twice each year," and that, "a large number remain in the counties near Dublin," but the Emigration Returns contain no information on this point. Again, there are doubtless many persons who, at the time of the collection of the information by the Enumerators of Agricultural Statistics, did not intend to migrate, but whom circumstances subsequently led to do so, and it is equally probable that the Emigration Returns include many persons who are town labourers, not agricultural labourers. When due allowance is made for these facts, it will be found that the numbers returned by the Enumerators of Agricultural Statistics represent those who habitually pursue the avocation of migratory agricultural labourers.

I have the honour to remain,

Your Excellency's faithful servant,

THOS. W. GRIMSHAW,
Registrar-General.

GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE,
CHARLEMONT HOUSE, DUBLIN,
7th September, 1895.

APPENDIX.

TABES showing, by Counties and Poor Law Unions, the number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers, whose usual Residence is situated therein; the Area of their Holdings in Statute Acres; the place in which they sought or intended to seek Employment; and the Number who had not left their Homes at the time (month of June, 1886) the Enumeration took the Returns.

Provinces of Leinster.

COUNTIES AND POOR LAW UNIONS	Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers, not enumerated in the County.	NUMBER OF MIGRATORY AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS HAVING LAND, AND AREA OF THEIR HOLDINGS.										Total Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers.	WHERE EMPLOYED.			Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers who had not left their Homes at the time (month of June, 1886) the Enumeration took the Returns.
		Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.	Persons enumerated in County.		In England.	In Scotland.	Elsewhere in Ireland.	
Dublin County.																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
Total,																
Dublin County.																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
DUBLIN, part of,																
Total,																
Kildare County.																
KILDARE, part of,																
KILDARE, part of,																
KILDARE, part of,																
KILDARE, part of,																
KILDARE, part of,																
Total,																
Kilkenny County.																
KILKENNY, part of,																
KILKENNY, part of,																
KILKENNY, part of,																
KILKENNY, part of,																
KILKENNY, part of,																
Total,																
King's County.																
KING'S, part of,																
KING'S, part of,																
KING'S, part of,																
KING'S, part of,																
KING'S, part of,																
Total,																
Longford County.																
LONGFORD, part of,																
LONGFORD, part of,																
LONGFORD, part of,																
LONGFORD, part of,																
LONGFORD, part of,																
Total,																
South County.																
SOUTH, part of,																
SOUTH, part of,																
SOUTH, part of,																
SOUTH, part of,																
SOUTH, part of,																
Total,																

TABLE showing, by Counties and Poor Law Unions, the number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers, &c.—continued.

COUNTIES AND POOR LAW UNIONS	Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers and Labourers' Families.	NUMBER OF MIGRATORY AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS HAVING LAND, AND AREA OF THEIR HOLDINGS.										Total Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers.	Where Employed.			Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers who had not been employed in the last year of the Inquiry, but are not in any way connected with the Inquiry.
		Not exceeding 1 acre.	Above 1 and not exceeding 2 acres.	Above 2 and not exceeding 3 acres.	Above 3 and not exceeding 4 acres.	Above 4 and not exceeding 5 acres.	Above 5 and not exceeding 6 acres.	Above 6 and not exceeding 7 acres.	Above 7 and not exceeding 8 acres.	Above 8 and not exceeding 9 acres.	Above 9 and not exceeding 10 acres.		In England.	In Ireland.	Whereas in Ireland.	
Meath County.																
ARDEL, part of.	1															
CALANPETER, "	1															
DRUGKILLY, "	1															
DUNMURRIS, "	1															
EDMUNDS, "	1															
ELLEN, "	1															
GLASS, "	1															
QUINCY, part of.	1															
TOWN, "	1															
Total.		1														
Queen's County.																
ADRIAN, "	1															
ADRIAN, part of.	1															
CARLOW, "	1															
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
Total.		1														
Westmeath Co.																
ARLON, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
Total.		1														
Wexford County.																
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
Total.		1														
Wicklow County.																
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
Total.		1														
Province of Munster.																
Glouce County.																
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
Total.		1														
Cork County, S.E.																
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
DOUGLASS, part of.	1															
DOUGLASS, "	1															
Total.		1														

TABLE showing, by Counties and Poor Law Unions, the number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers, &c.—continued.

COUNTIES AND POOR LAW UNIONS	Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers, &c.	NUMBER BY MIGRATORY AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS RATED LAND, AND AREA, OF TOWN PARISHES.												Total Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers, &c.	WHERE EMPLOYED.			Number of Migratory Agricultural Labourers, &c. who have been employed in the last year in the Town Parishes of the County of the Labourers, &c.
		Not exceeding 1 acre.	Above 1 and not exceeding 2 acres.	Above 2 and not exceeding 3 acres.	Above 3 and not exceeding 4 acres.	Above 4 and not exceeding 5 acres.	Total of Working and not working 5 acres.	Above 5 and not exceeding 6 acres.	Above 6 and not exceeding 7 acres.	Above 7 and not exceeding 8 acres.	Above 8 and not exceeding 9 acres.	Above 9 and not exceeding 10 acres.	Above 10 and not exceeding 11 acres.		In England.	In Scotland.	Elsewhere in Ireland.	
Meath County.																		
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	10													10				10
Total.	27	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	47	15	21	9	19
Tyrone County.																		
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
CARRICKMAGUIRE, part of.	3													3				3
Total.	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	29	12	8	9	9
Province of Connaught.																		
Galway County.																		
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	20													20				20
Total.	1,125	11	8	13	13	50	78	48	32	18	8	6	6	1,204	1,204	38	35	268
Leitrim County.																		
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	3													3				3
Total.	220	2	1	1	1	3	50	17	6	2	2	4	6	234	14	164	46	34
Mayo County.																		
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
BALLYMORRIS, part of.	224													224				224
Total.	1,271	7	23	73	83	361	1,041	754	307	337	65	50	40	1,254	1,254	80	58	1,081
Westmeath Co.																		
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
ARMAGH, part of.	3													3				3
Total.	1,020	1	3	8	13	35	97	65	37	8	4	10	1	1,254	1,254	80	58	1,081

(1) of 100. (2) Comprising 1 each of 40 and 47 acres. (3) Comprising 1 each of 40, 45, and 71 acres. (4) Comprising 1 each of 40, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

NUMBER of HARVESTMEN conveyed over the MIDLAND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY SYSTEM from the undermentioned STATIONS to DUBLIN, during the Season of 1899.

Station.	Number of Harvestmen.	Poor Law Union.	County.
Athlone, . . .	32	Athlone, . . .	Roscommon.
Ballinasloe, . . .	72	Ballinasloe, . . .	Galway.
Woodlawn, . . .	376	Do.	Do.
Athlery,	394	Longfords, . . .	Do.
Dunamon,	358	Roscommon, . . .	Do.
Longford,	77	Longford,	Longford.
Drumod,	26	Mohill,	Leitrim.
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	27	Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	Do.
Boyle,	100	Boyle,	Roscommon.
Ballynate,	1,700	Sligo,	Sligo.
Sligo,	10	Do.	Do.
Ballyvaughan,	58	Do.	Do.
Edmondstown,	46	Castlebar,	Mayo.
Bolloghaderreen,	3,383	Do.	Do.
Roscommon,	347	Roscommon,	Roscommon.
Ballymoe,	342	Glenasmole,	Galway.
Castlebar,	516	Castlebar,	Roscommon.
Ballinalough,	1,100	Do.	Do.
Ballyvaughan,	2,203	Clarusmorris,	Mayo.
Clarusmorris,	1,660	Do.	Do.
Bella,	1,140	Castlebar,	Do.
Manulla,	123	Do.	Do.
Castlebar,	1,021	Do.	Do.
Westport,	733	Westport,	Do.
Foxford,	2,967	Swinford,	Do.
Ballina,	1,211	Ballina,	Do.
Collooney,	87	Sligo,	Sligo.
Kilree,	373	Boyle,	Do.
Kilala,	74	Kilala,	Mayo.
Ballymore,	37	Ballymore,	Do.
Ballymount,	46	Do.	Do.
Arva Road,	1	Cavan,	Cavan.
Newport,	196	Westport,	Mayo.
Ballyvaughan,	467	Castlebar,	Do.
Killeshane,	9	Cavan,	Cavan.
Askill Road,	370	Westport,	Mayo.
Mallacurry,	400	Do.	Do.
Total,	25,688		

DUBLIN CASTLE,

21st September, 1895.

Sir,

I have to acknowledge the Receipt of your Letter of the 20th instant, forwarding, for submission to His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, the Report and Tables relating to Migratory Agricultural Labourers, Ireland, 1895.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. B. DOUGHERTY.

The Registrar-General,

Charlemont House,

Rutland-square.